

CHAPTER 7 REVIEW GUIDE

Factor completely. If it is not factorable, write "prime".

1) $t^2 + 8t + 12$

$(t+6)(t+2)$

2) $9a^3d^2 - 6ad^3$

$3ad^2(3a^2 - 2d)$

3) $x^2 + 7x + 12$

$(x+4)(x+3)$

4) $9y^2 - 100$

$(3y+10)(3y-10)$

5) $4m^2 - 25$

$(2m+5)(2m-5)$

6) $x^2 - 5x - 6$

$(x-6)(x+1)$

7) $8p^2r^2 - 24pr^3 + 16pr$

$8pr(pr - 3r^2 + 2)$

8) $16m^2 + 49$

prime

9) $y^2 - 4$

$(y+2)(y-2)$

10) $y^2 - 6y + 8$

$(y-4)(y-2)$

11) $x^2 + 14x + 24$

$(x+12)(x+2)$

12) $x^2 + 6x - 8$

prime

13) $x^2 - 7x - 30$

$(x-10)(x+3)$

14) $25p^4 - 1$

$(5p^2+1)(5p^2-1)$

15) $x^2 + 14x + 49$

$(x+7)^2$

16) $8m - 6$

$2(4m-3)$

17) $p^6 - 36$

$(p^3+6)(p^3-6)$

18) $m^2 - 11m - 12$

$(m-12)(m+1)$

19) $x^2 + 18x + 81$

$(x+9)^2$

20) $8m^5n^2 - 16mn^6 + 4mn^2$

$4mn^2(2m^4 - 4n^4 + 1)$

Solve by factoring.

21) $(2x + 3)(5x - 4) = 0$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ 2x+3=0 \quad 5x-4=0 \\ -3 \quad -3 \quad +4 \quad +4 \\ \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-3}{2} \quad \frac{5x}{5} = \frac{4}{5} \\ x = -\frac{3}{2} \quad x = \frac{4}{5} \end{array}$$

22) $x(2x - 7) = 0$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ x=0 \quad 2x-7=0 \\ \quad +7 \quad +7 \\ \quad 2x=7 \\ \quad \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{7}{2} \\ \quad x = \frac{7}{2} \end{array}$$

23) $3(x + 4)(x - 2) = 0$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ x+4=0 \quad x-2=0 \\ -4 \quad -4 \quad +2 \quad +2 \\ x=-4 \quad x=2 \end{array}$$

24) $2x(x - 4)(x + 4) = 0$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \quad \searrow \quad \nearrow \\ 2x=0 \quad x-4=0 \quad x+4=0 \\ \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{0}{2} \quad +4 \quad +4 \quad -4 \quad -4 \\ x=0 \quad x=4 \quad x=-4 \end{array}$$

25) $a^2 - 16 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ (a+4)(a-4)=0 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ a+4=0 \quad a-4=0 \\ -4 \quad -4 \quad +4 \quad +4 \\ a=-4 \quad a=4 \end{array}$$

26) $m^2 = 9$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ m^2-9=0 \\ (m+3)(m-3)=0 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ m+3=0 \quad m-3=0 \\ -3 \quad -3 \quad +3 \quad +3 \\ m=-3 \quad m=3 \end{array}$$

27) $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ (x+3)(x+2)=0 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ x+3=0 \quad x+2=0 \\ -3 \quad -3 \quad -2 \quad -2 \\ x=-3 \quad x=-2 \end{array}$$

28) $5x^2 = 10x$

$$\begin{array}{l} -10x \quad -10x \\ 5x^2 - 10x = 0 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ 5x(x-2)=0 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ 5x=0 \quad x-2=0 \\ \frac{5x}{5} = \frac{0}{5} \quad +2 \quad +2 \\ x=0 \quad x=2 \end{array}$$

29) $x^2 + 8x - 10 = 14 - 2x$

$$\begin{array}{l} -14+2x \quad -14+2x \\ x^2 + 10x - 24 = 0 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ (x+12)(x-2)=0 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ x+12=0 \quad x-2=0 \\ -12 \quad -12 \quad +2 \quad +2 \\ x=-12 \quad x=2 \end{array}$$

30) $0 = a^2 - 16$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ 0 = (a+4)(a-4) \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ a+4=0 \quad a-4=0 \\ -4 \quad -4 \quad +4 \quad +4 \\ a=-4 \quad a=4 \end{array}$$

31) $-64 = x(x + 16)$

$$\begin{array}{l} -64 = x^2 + 16x \\ +64 \quad +64 \\ 0 = x^2 + 16x + 64 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ 0 = (x+8)(x+8) \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ x+8=0 \\ -8 \quad -8 \\ x=-8 \end{array}$$

32) $w^2 + 30 = 11w$

$$\begin{array}{l} -11w \quad -11w \\ w^2 - 11w + 30 = 0 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ (w-6)(w-5)=0 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ w-6=0 \quad w-5=0 \\ +6 \quad +6 \quad +5 \quad +5 \\ w=6 \quad w=5 \end{array}$$